

**Bago University**  
**Department of Physics**  
**Second Semester Examination, September 2019**

**Fourth Year (BSc)**  
**(Physics Specialization)**

**Phys 4106**  
**Quantum Mechanics**  
**Time Allowed: (3) Hours**

**Answer any Six questions.**

- 1 (a) Why is the quantum number  $n = 0$  not allowed for the particle confined to move in a one - dimensional box?  
(b) Consider a particle with quantum number 'n' moving in a one - dimensional box of length 'L'.  
(i) Find the probability of finding the particle in the region between  $x = 0$  and  $x = \frac{L}{4}$ .  
(ii) For what value of n is this probability maximum?  
(iii) What is the limit of this probability for  $n \rightarrow \infty$  ?
  - 2 (a) Derive the energy of harmonic oscillator from Schroedinger equation.  
(b) A beam of particle of energy  $E$  is incident on a potential step of height  $V_0$ . What are the reflection and transmission coefficients for the following incident energy  $E = \frac{4V_0}{3}$ .
  - 3 (a) What do you understand by the terms of the degeneracy of the state?  
(b) Find (i)  $\langle x \rangle$  and (ii)  $\langle x^2 \rangle$  for the first excited state of the harmonic oscillator.
  - 4 (a) Give the names and the allowed values of the quantum numbers for the electron in the hydrogen and hydrogen - like atoms.  
(b) Find the energy and the magnitude of the orbital angular momentum for each of the following electrons in the  $Li^{++}$  ion. (i) 2p electron (ii) 4d electron (iii) 5f electron.
  - 5 (a) Write out the r-equation from the quantum mechanical treatment of the hydrogen atom.  
(b) The ground state wave function of the hydrogen atom is given by  $\psi_{100}(r, \theta, \phi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi a_0^3}} e^{-\frac{r}{a_0}}$ .  
Show that it is normalized wave function.
  - 6 (a) Draw a vector diagram to show the orientation of the orbital angular momentum  $\vec{L}$  of the electron in the 3f state of hydrogen atom.  
(b) Find  $\langle V \rangle$  and  $\langle T \rangle$  for the ground state of the hydrogen atom. Then, show that  $E = \langle T \rangle + \langle V \rangle$ .
  - 7 (a) What is perturbation? Distinguish between the perturbed and unperturbed systems.  
(b) The radial function of the state with  $n = 2, l = 1$  of the hydrogen atom is given by  $R_{21}(r) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} \left(\frac{1}{a_0}\right)^{5/2} r e^{-r/2a_0}$ . Show that it is a normalized function.
  - 8 (a) Derive the time independent Schroedinger equation for unperturbed system.  
(b) Evaluate the change in the ground state energy of a 1-D harmonic oscillator whose Hamiltonian ( $\hat{H}$ ) and the ground state wave function,  $\psi_0(x)$ , are given by  
$$\psi_0(x) = \left(\frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right)^{1/4} \exp(-\alpha x^2/2), \quad \alpha = m\omega_0/\hbar.$$
  
The Unperturbed Hamiltonian,  $\hat{H} = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{2} kx^2 + \frac{b}{10} x^4$ .
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